AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1-10. (Canceled)

11. (Presently Amended) Method according to The method of claim 6_19, characterised in that the universal primers are selected from the group consisting of: 5'TCCGGCATGTGCAAGGCCGG3' (SEQ ID NO: 1), 5'CTCCATGTCGTCCCAGTTGG3' (SEQ ID NO: 2), 5'ACCAACTGGGACACATGGAGAAGATCTGGC3' (SEQ ID NO: 3), 5'TACATGGCNGGGGTGTTAAAGGTCTCAAAC3' (SEQ ID NO: 4), 5'TGCCCTGAGGCCCTCTTCCAGCCTTCCTTC3' (SEQ ID NO: 5), 5'GGGTACATGGTGGCGCCAGACAGCACNGTGTTGGC3' (SEQ ID NO: 6), 5'GCCAACACNGTGCTGTCTGGCGGCACCACCATGTACCC3' (SEQ ID NO: 7) and 5'TCGTACTCCTGCTTGCTGATCCACATCTG3' (SEQ ID NO: 8).

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Presently Amended) Method according to The method of claim 2 16, characterised in that the samples are sample is taken from horse, goat, rabbit, dog, cat, chimpanzee, human and/or brown bear tissue.

14 -15. (Canceled)

16. (New) A method for genetic identification of biological species using a sample of biological material derived from a single species or from a heterogeneous mixture of species and/or subspecies, characterised in that it comprises:

- (a) DNA extraction from the sample;
- (b) amplification of one or more regions of the DNA of the sample, said one or more regions selected from the group consisting of a region corresponding to the region between positions 1130 and 1473 of the human cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, a region corresponding to the region between positions 1452 and 2063 of the human cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, a region corresponding to the region between positions 2438 and 2680 of the human cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, and a region corresponding to the region between positions 2642 and 2960 of the human cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, said position numbers being relative to SEQ ID NO:9 which comprises the full DNA sequence of the human locus HUMACCYBB Accession number M10277, verison M10277.1, GI:177967;

(c) analysis of the one or more amplified regions to determine the size in base-pairs and/or the precise DNA sequence thereof; and

- (d) taxonomic identification of the biological species or subspecies from which the sample was derived by comparison of the size and/or DNA sequence characteristics of said one or more regions with a database containing pre-established size and/or DNA sequence characteristics of the corresponding regions of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene of a plurality of species and/or subspecies.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 16, characterised in that in the amplification step gene segments of evolutionary divergent regions of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene are amplified using DNA oligonucleotide primers having evolutionary DNA sequence conservation greater than 98% between species and subspecies.
- 18. (New) The method of claim 16, characterised in that in the amplification step the segments to be amplified comprise the whole intronic DNA sequence and at least a portion of the flanking exonic sequences, for each of the B, C, D and E introns as annotated in the GenBank Record of the human locus HUMACCYBB Accession number M10277, verison M10277.1, GI:177967.

19. (New) The method of claim 16, characterised in that it uses a composition of universal primers that hybridise with one or more regions of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene selected from the group consisting of the region between positions 1130 and 1473 of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, the region between positions 1452 and 2063 of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, the region between positions 2438 and 2680 of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, and the region between positions 2642 and 2960 of the cytoplasmic beta-actin gene, said position numbers being relative to SEQ ID NO:9 which comprises the full DNA sequence of the human locus HUMACCYBB Accession number M10277, verison M10277.1, GI:177967.